AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-7 (canceled).

Claim 8 (currently amended): A method of decreasing the severity or frequency of a relapse of multiple sclerosis in a human comprising: the step of

orally administering a dosage of about 50 I.U./kg to about 25,000 I.U./kg of a type one interferon to said human; and

immediately swallowing to ingest said interferon, thereby decreasing the severity or frequency of a relapse of multiple sclerosis in the human such that the type one interferon is ingested upon oral administration.

Claim 9 (previously amended): The method of claim 8, wherein said interferon is alpha-interferon or beta-interferon.

Claim 10 (original): The method of claim 8, wherein said interferon is selected from the group consisting of human recombinant interferon, rat interferon and murine interferon.

Claim 11(canceled).

Claim 12 (original): The method of claim 8, wherein said interferon is administered every other day.

Claim 13 (currently amended): A method of reducing inflammation associated with multiple sclerosis in a human comprising; the step of

orally administering a dosage of about 50 I.U./kg to about 25,000 I.U./kg of a type one interferon to said animal human; and

immediately swallowing to ingest said interferon thereby reducing inflammation associated with multiple sclerosis in the human such that the type one interferon is ingested after oral administration.

Claim 14 (previously presented): The method of claim 13, wherein said interferon is alpha-interferon or beta-interferon.

Claim 15 (original): The method of claim 13, wherein said interferon is selected from the group consisting of human recombinant interferon, rat interferon and murine interferon.

Claim 16-18 (canceled).

Claim 19 (currently amended): A method of decreasing levels of cytokines associated with multiple sclerosis in an individual having multiple sclerosis, comprising: the step of

orally administering a dosage of about 166 I.U./kg to about 500 I.U./kg of a type one interferon to said individual;

immediately swallowing to ingest said interferon; and reducing levels of, wherein said cytokine is selected from the group consisting of TGF-b, IL-2, IL-10, IFN-g and or ICAM-1 or a combination thereof, thereby decreasing cytokine levels associated with multiple sclerosis; and wherein said type one interferon is ingested upon oral administration.

Claim 20 (canceled).